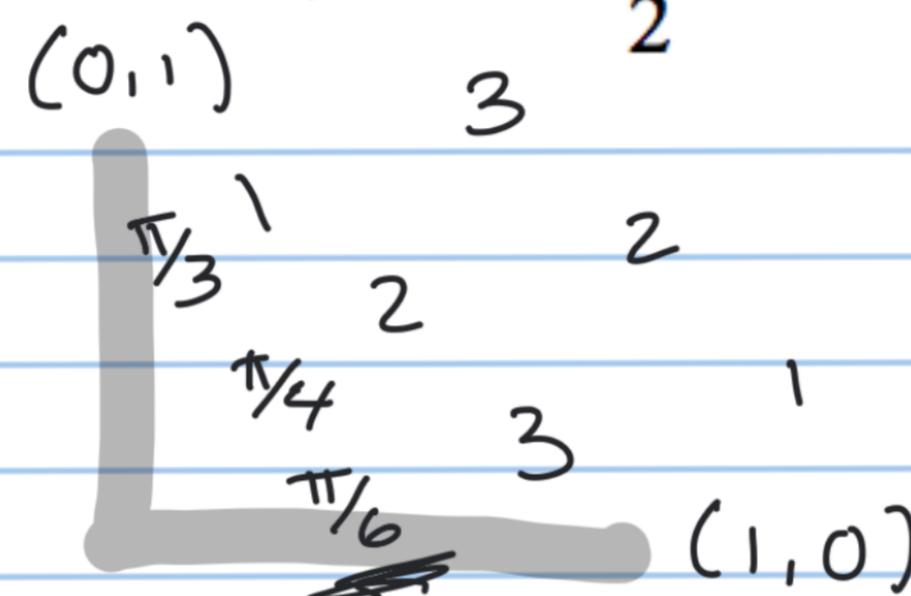


White-board Review of
Inverse Trig. Functions &
Composition of a Trig. Functions.

1 Example

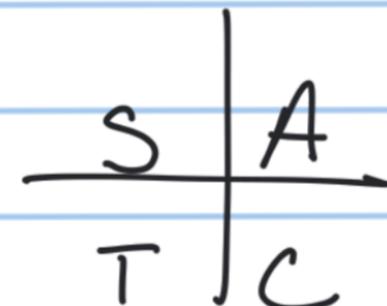
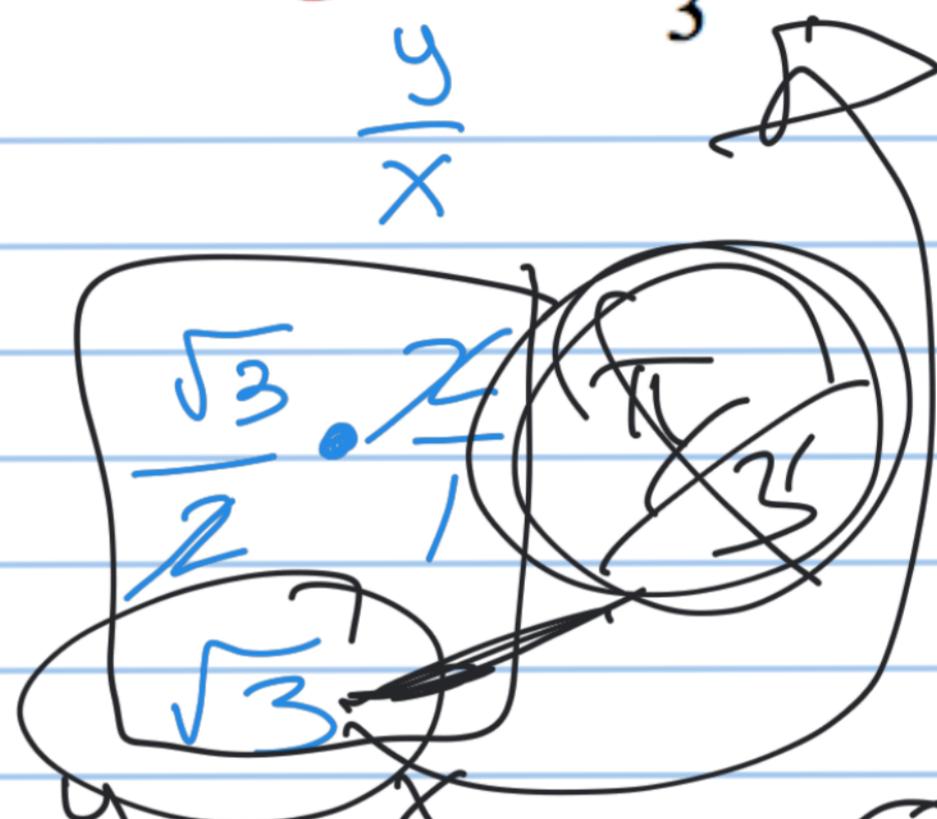
Find the EXACT value of the following

a) $\sin^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\pi}{3}$



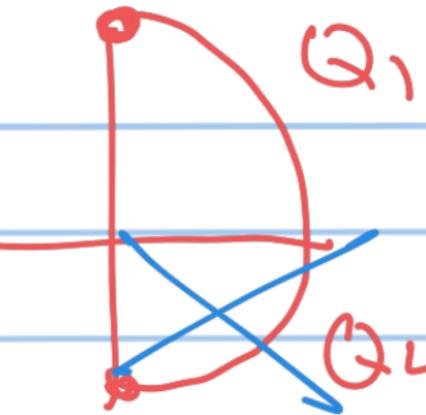
b) $\cos^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\pi}{6}$

c) $\tan^{-1} \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3} = \frac{\pi}{6}$



$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$



2 Example

Find the EXACT value of the following

d) $\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right) = \frac{5\pi}{6}$

e) $\sin^{-1}\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = -\frac{\pi}{4}$

f) $\tan^{-1}(-\sqrt{3}) = -\frac{\pi}{3}$

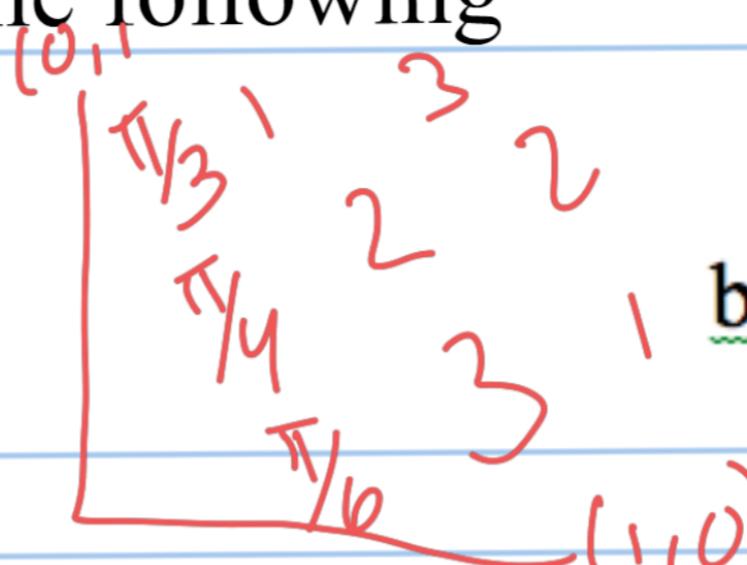
3 Example

Find the EXACT value of the following

a) $\sin^{-1}(\sin(\frac{\pi}{3})) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

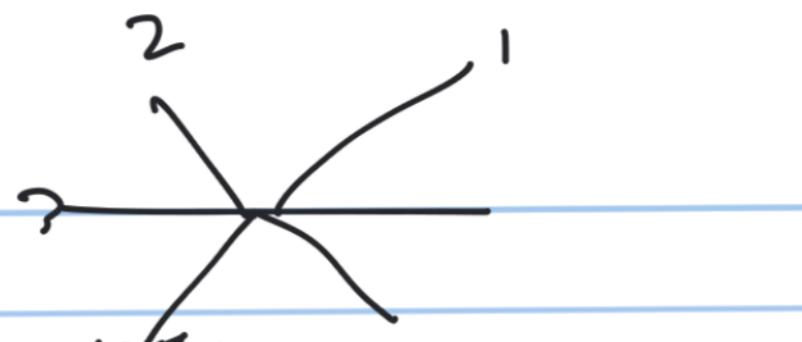
$$\sin^{-1}\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{\pi}{3}}$$



b) $\cos^{-1}(\cos(\frac{4\pi}{3})) = \underline{-\frac{2\pi}{3}}$

$$\cos^{-1}\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)$$



4 Example

Find the EXACT value of the following

c) $\sin^{-1}(\sin(\frac{4\pi}{3})) = \cancel{-\frac{\pi}{3}}$

d) $\cos^{-1}(\sin(\frac{5\pi}{6})) = \cancel{-\frac{\pi}{3}}$

5**Example**

Find the EXACT value of the following

g) $\tan^{-1} \tan\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}\right) = \underline{\underline{\frac{-\pi}{3}}}$

h) $\cos^{-1}(\cos(\frac{19\pi}{6})) = \underline{\underline{\frac{5\pi}{6}}}$

5**Example**

Find the EXACT value of the following

i) $\cos^{-1}(\cos(-\frac{\pi}{3})) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

j) $\tan^{-1}(\tan(-\frac{5\pi}{4})) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5 Example

Find the EXACT value of the following

a) $\cos(\sin^{-1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b) $\cot(\cos^{-1}(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5 Example

Find the EXACT value of the following

c) $\sec(\tan^{-1}(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3})) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

d) $\cos(\cos^{-1}(-\frac{1}{2})) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

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6 Example

Find the EXACT value of the following

a) $\cos(\sin^{-1}(-\frac{3}{5})) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b) $\cot(\cos^{-1}(-\frac{2}{3})) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$